

# PASSTCERT

QUESTION & ANSWER

Higher Quality  
Better Service!

We offer free update service for one year  
[HTTP://WWW.PASSTCERT.COM](http://www.passtcert.com)



**Exam : NR0-016**

**Title : Teradata Application  
Development v2r5 Exam**

**Version : DEMO**



**1.What are three characteristics of PP2? (Choose three.)**

- A.supports macros
- B.supports multiple sessions
- C.supports COBOL, PL/I, C, and Pascal
- D.uses indicator variables for NULL handling

**Correct:A B D**

**2.Which three statements are true about the Extended Logical Data Model (ELDM)? (Choose three.)**

- A.It contains the business rules of the organization.
- B.It is the main source of information for creating the PDM.
- C.It maps applications and transactions to the related objects.
- D.It provides demographics of data distribution, sizing, and access.

**Correct:B C D**

**3.Which application development API provides maximum control over Teradata connectivity?**

- A.CLI
- B.ECLI
- C.ODBC
- D.Embedded SQL

**Correct:A**

**4.Which two tools allow you to import workloads from other Teradata tools? (Choose two.)**

- A.TSET
- B.Index Wizard
- C.Visual Explain
- D.Statistics Wizard

**Correct:B D**

**5.Denormalization is done in which phase of modeling?**

- A.logical
- B.physical
- C.dimensional
- D.extended logical

**Correct:B**

**6.To ensure you are working with current, consistent data, which lock should you recommend for SELECT queries in a multi-user environment with update activity?**

- A.read
- B.write
- C.access
- D.exclusive

**Correct:A**

**7.What does the TSET utility do? (Choose two.)**

- Acreates a view of your data demographics
- B.allows you to schedule statistics collection
- C.allows for the importing of workloads from other Teradata utilities
- D.allows you to import data demographics from one system to another
- E.allows you to import system characteristics from one system to another

**Correct:D E**



**8.Which four factors are important to consider when deciding whether to calculate summary results on demand or to create a summary table? (Choose four.)**

- A.concurrency of users
- B.typical rows per value
- C.response time requirements
- D.complexity of the calculations
- E.frequency of summary request
- F.volatility of the column to summarize

**Correct:C D E F**

**9.Which three features can you use to improve overall system performance? (Choose three.)**

- A.PMON
- B.triggers
- C.establish profiles
- D.multi-value compression
- E.multi-statement requests
- F.Partitioned Primary Index (PPI)

**Correct:D E F**

**10.Given: USING (x INTEGER, y INTEGER, z INTEGER) EXEC Macro1(:x, :y, :z); Which three statements about the execution of this macro are true? (Choose three.)**

- A.It will be cached immediately.
- B.It contains multiple statements.
- C.No values are present for the Optimizer.
- D.It should be demographically dependent.
- E.It should be demographically independent.

**Correct:A C E**

**11.Which statement applies to applications written for Teradata?**

- A.The applications should use set manipulation to leverage parallelism.
- B.The applications should minimize the use of extensions to ANSI SQL.
- C.The applications should use the Optimizer to resolve rules-based calculations.
- D.The applications should be written to use multiple instances of the program running in parallel.

**Correct:A**

**12.Consider the table t1 created as follows: CREATE TABLE t1 ( a integer, d date, v varchar(100)) PRIMARY INDEX (a) PARTITION BY RANGE\_N(d BETWEEN DATE '2002-01-01' AND DATE '2007-12-31' EACH '1' YEAR); and the query: SELECT v FROM t1 WHERE d = DATE '2003-08-17'; Which plan will the Optimizer use to find qualifying rows?**

- A.full scan on a single AMP
- B.hash lookup on each AMP
- C.value lookup on every AMP
- D.single partition scan on every AMP
- E.single partition scan on a single AMP

**Correct:D**

**13.Consider the following identity column definition: Col1 INTEGER GENERATED ALWAYS AS IDENTITY (MAXVALUE 100) Which two statements are true about Col1 ? (Choose two.)**

- A.The first inserted row will have a value of 1.



- B.The table cannot have more than 100 rows.
- C.Deleted rows may be replaced in the sequence.
- D.By explicitly specifying values in the insert, it is possible to skip numbers in the sequence.

**Correct:A B**

**14.What are two ways to lessen the impact of TPump on the system? (Choose two.)**

- A.apply options in the Ferret utility
- B.add a SLEEP parameter to the TPump job
- C.add a TENACITY parameter to the TPump job
- D.reduce the RATE parameter in the TPump job
- E.modify the Priority Scheduler Facility (PSF) settings

**Correct:D E**

**15.Which two statements regarding rows per NUPI value are true? (Choose two.)**

- A.All rows with the same NUPI value always end up in the same datablock.
- B.Adding a second column to the NUPI generally reduces the number of rows per primary index value.
- C.A large table with fewer unique NUPI values than there are AMPs in the system can still have an even distribution.
- D.A SET table with many rows for each NUPI value has much worse insert performance than a MULTiset table with many rows for each NUPI value.

**Correct:B D**

**16.Which two access types provide good OLTP performance? (Choose two.)**

- A.nested joins
- B.full cylinder read
- C.unique secondary index
- D.non-unique secondary index

**Correct:A C**

**17.A person submits a high volume of all-AMP requests. What two strategies can be used to increase parallelism? (Choose two.)**

- A.use more sessions
- B.use NUSIs on the tables
- C.use multi-statement requests
- D.use multi-request transactions

**Correct:A C**

**18.Given this request where col is the UPI of table T1 : SELECT \* FROM T1 WHERE col = 1 ;SELECT \* FROM T1 WHERE col = 2; Which three types of parallelism does it exhibit? (Choose three.)**

- A.multi-step
- B.multi-AMP
- C.multi-request
- D.multi-session
- E.multi-statement

**Correct:A B E**

**19.Which three statements about single-column NUSIs are true? (Choose three.)**

- A.Their statistics are stored in DBC.TVFields.
- B.Their access involves row-hash level locking.



- C.They must be dropped prior to running MultiLoad.
- D.They may be used for access if statistics do not exist on them.
- E.They can be created on an existing value-ordered NUSI column.

**Correct:A D E**

**20.Which three describe the rows returned from the left and right table when using a Left Outer Join? (Choose three.)**

- A.matched rows from the left table
- B.matched rows from the right table
- C.unmatched rows from the left table
- D.unmatched rows from the right table

**Correct:A B C**